

# MAN ON PHONE WARNED WARD TO 'PAY UP'

To-Night's Weather—SHOWERS, COOLER.

To-Morrow's Weather—SHOWERS, COOLER.



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## Oser Reiterates He Will Wed Miss McCormick

### N. Y. HAS HIGHEST GAS RATE IN U. S., DUE TO ANTIQUATED METHODS OF MANUFACTURE

Is City and State Stick to the Obsolete Gas Oil and Water Gas Systems.

NO NEW METHODS.

st of a Series of Articles Showing Why Consumers Are Mulcted.

By Sophie Irene Loeb. FIRST ARTICLE.

view of the recent Supreme Court decision which declared the present New York gas rate confiscatory, the New York Evening World has made investigation as to why the people of New York are forced to pay a gas averaging from \$1.25 to \$1.50 in some sections of Greater New York.

The highest and most expensive method of making gas are used in this city, and these are taken into consideration when the matter comes to court and thus a high gas rate is obtained.

is is what the investigation discloses: Greater New York has the highest gas rate in proportion to a population of any city in the United States.

The methods of making gas in this city have become obsolete. The 22-candle power gas now used in this city, which the gas companies have neglected to change in the past sixteen years, is old, and a cheaper gas served to the public.

Thirty States out of forty-four have already adopted a high thermal standard, while New York has stood still. Besides, in other sections of the country, ways and means have been found for making gas cheaper.

Standard Oil interests and gas interests include such inlocking directorates as would keep the profits of the product of one dependent on the other. As oil, which makes the present expensive 22-candle power gas, is produced by the gas corporations in this city mainly from the Standard Oil Company.

his self-same gas oil, if it was bought by the gas corporations, would be practically useless, and the millions of dollars of income from this gas oil would be withheld, since up to date no practical method has been found for utilizing it. The progressive methods elsewhere have developed the making of by-products which have produced a gas as low as 9 and 10 per thousand feet, and according to experts if all the by-products were properly utilized, the price of gas to the consumer could easily be one-third the price that it is to-day—and lower—by these methods is coke oven

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

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### LEGION SATISFIED WITH BONUS BILL AS IT NOW STANDS

Enough Votes Said to Be Pledged to Insure Passage of Measure.

By David Lawrence. (Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, June 1 (Copyright)—The American Legion's Legislative Committee is thoroughly satisfied with the Bonus Bill as reported by the Senate Finance Committee. The changes made in the House bill are unobjectionable.

The next step is to insure enough votes to give the measure right of way over the tariff. This is admittedly a hard proposition, for, while the Legion has enough votes to get the bill passed, there is a complication involved in getting the tariff displaced. Some members of the Senate who favor the bonus may be found voting against a motion to displace the tariff.

By the time the American Legion's representatives get through their campaign of persuasion—and they have been pretty effective about it thus far—enough votes are expected to be obtained to force a vote on the bonus. Speechmaking on the bonus is inevitable—those who are to vote against it being as anxious to tell their constituents the reason therefor as the Senators who favor it are anxious to demonstrate how actively they fought to put the measure through.

But no filibuster is expected. The sentiment of the Senate is in favor of disposing of the issue this session one way or the other. Undue delay is not for a moment considered, though, to be sure, there may be some prolonged argument on the motion to take the matter up and lay the tariff aside.

The issue is not partisan. The fact that three Democrats voted with six Republicans to report the measure to the Senate is taken to mean that the Bonus Bill will receive Democratic support when it reaches a vote. The Democrats will naturally try to impose all sorts of amendments which would appear to be more favorable to the soldiers, but individually they will not assume responsibility for defeating the main bill.

American Legion headquarters here

### COAL PRICES CUT 10 TO 15 PER CENT. BY AGREEMENT

\$3 Maximum at Mines to Govern During Period of Strike.

WASHINGTON, June 1. The American public will pay from 10 to 15 per cent. less for coal as long as the mine strike continues, under an agreement reached between Secretary of Commerce Hoover and the non-union bituminous operators. Department of Commerce officials said to-day this cut from prevailing prices was assured as the result of the final conference between Hoover and the operators. Prices to the consumer will be based on a rate of \$3 per ton at the mine.

### OSER DECLARES HE WILL MARRY MISS MCCORMICK

Swiss Law Requires Consent of Both Parents; Could Wed Elsewhere.

HEARS FROM HER OFTEN.

Compromise Rumored as Attorneys for Mr. and Mrs. McCormick Confer.

ZURICH, June 1 (Associated Press).—Max Oser, Swiss riding master, is in frequent communication with Miss Mathilde McCormick, the young granddaughter of John D. Rockefeller, regarding their intended marriage. It was learned to-day. The only comment Oser will make upon the opposition of Mrs. McCormick, his fiancée's mother, is that the marriage will take place in spite of all obstacles.

Although he said he was naturally disappointed over the delay, he was proceeding with preparations for the wedding.

The Swiss law requires that girls under twenty years of age, whether of Swiss or foreign nationality, must have the consent of both parents before they can be married in Switzerland. Consequently, it is considered here that whatever the American Court might decide concerning the guardianship of Miss Mathilde, the consent of her mother would still be necessary under Swiss legal practice. But the wedding might take place in another country, where such consent is unnecessary.

CHICAGO, June 1.—A compromise in the fight between Edith Rockefeller McCormick and her divorced husband, Harold F. McCormick, over the marriage of their daughter, Mathilde, to Max Oser, Swiss groom, is in prospect here to-day.

Mrs. McCormick went to the office of her attorney, Charles Cutting, just before the latter was to appear in court to present additional reasons why the seventeen-year-old Mathilde should not marry the elderly Oser.

Mrs. McCormick left for her Lake Forest home after a brief conference when Mr. Cutting hastened to the office of Edwin Cassels, attorney for McCormick.

"The petition may never be filed," was all that Cutting would say before he went into the conference with Cassels.

The fight between the McCormicks started following the appointment of McCormick as his daughter's guardian. Mrs. McCormick yesterday petitioned the Probate Court here to grant an order restraining her former husband from consenting to Mathilde's marriage.

### ROSENWASSER TO LIVE FOR ONE MORE WEEK

Governor Grants Respite Over Jewish Holidays.

ALBANY, June 1.—Because to-morrow is observed by the Jews as the feast of Pentecost, Gov. Miller to-day granted Julius Rosenwasser, in the Sing Sing death house and who was to have been electrocuted to-morrow night, a respite of one week. Rosenwasser was convicted of killing a man in New York City while robbing him.

The time for his execution was fixed for to-morrow night by Warden Lawes in the belief that the holiday period would be over, but investigation by the Governor showed that the feast continued from Thursday evening to Saturday evening. Usually electrocutions take place on Thursday evening.

### N. Y. HARBOR BILL PASSED BY SENATE

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The bill by Senator Edge (Rep., N. J.) for Federal approval of the New York-New Jersey project for development of New York Harbor, was passed to-day by the Senate and sent to the House.

### DE VALERA SAYS BRITAIN CANNOT DICTATE TO IRISH

Cabinet Considers Means to Back Up Churchill's Threat to Reoccupy Ireland.

CRAIG IN CONFERENCE.

Death Toll of 13 Overnight in Belfast—Truce on Border Sector.

LONDON, June 1.—Eamon De Valera to-day defied the British Government.

Winston Churchill's challenge to Ireland to uphold the letter and spirit of the Peace Treaty, or be placed once more under British rule, was answered by the Republican leader in emphatic fashion.

"Mr. Churchill's threats do not affect us," De Valera declared. "We deny the right of any English authority to prescribe what Irishmen shall and shall not do."

The British Cabinet met at noon to-day to consider the situation created by De Valera's attitude. Earl Cavan, Chief of the Imperial Staff, was called into the conference. Steps to back up Churchill's threat of re-occupation of Ireland were considered.

Sir James Craig, Ulster Premier, and Lord Londonderry arrived here to-day and conferred with Winston Churchill. They were to see Lloyd George just before the Premier's departure for Criceth on a holiday. The Premier, it was learned, has been tempted to forego a badly needed holiday to tackle the Irish impasse, but has been persuaded to take a rest before formulating British policies for The Hague Conference.

After Craig and Londonderry had talked awhile with Churchill, they went to Downing Street for a conference with Lloyd George, Lord Birkenhead, Churchill, and Austen Chamberlain.

Following this meeting, it was announced Lloyd George would probably defer his departure for a holiday at Criceth until Friday owing to the gravity of the situation.

Leaving Downing Street after the conference, Sir James Craig said: "I was summoned to London to discuss a point about Ulster which I am not at liberty to disclose to the press. We Ulsterites and the Imperial Government here will work in perfect harmony."

"As for the South I do not know and do not care what is to happen as long as they leave us alone. I am not going to meet Collins or Griffith. Craig will meet Lloyd George and other members of the Cabinet's Irish Committee at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. It was said there was hope that Craig would reconsider his decision not to meet Collins and Griffith."

Earl Cavan, Chief of Staff, was summoned to the meeting to discuss protection of the Ulster border as well as plans for reoccupation of the South if the treaty is broken.

BELFAST, June 1 (Associated Press).—It was officially announced to-day that in the course of searches in the Falls area the police arrested two persons in responsible positions who were found in possession of documents which were being investigated. The result, it was added, might be disclosures of a startling nature.

Advices from the Strabane front

### SECOND INCOME TAX PAYMENT DUE TO-DAY

Fifteen Days of Grace, Then Penalty Is Charged.

Good morning! This is June 1. Have you paid the second installment on your income tax? Fifteen days more to look for a loophole and then a penalty if you fail to come to the bat. June 15 is the last call, according to Collector of Internal Revenue Bowers, who sent out a message from the Custom House tower yesterday: Defaulters will be ruthlessly pursued, he said.

## WARD'S OFFICE CALLED UP BY PHONE AND DEMAND MADE FOR CASH, "QUICK"

Girl Who Sued Ward for \$10,000 Found in Los Angeles, Says She Was Advised to "Find the Girl"

Declares She Can Throw Light on the Mystery Leading to the Killing of Peters—Will Tell It, if Asked.

LOS ANGELES, June 1.—Miss Martha Kendall, who once filed a suit charging criminal conspiracy against Walter S. Ward, under bond at White Plains, N. Y., following his confession that he killed Clarence Peters for alleged attempted blackmail, has been located in the Hollywood district by a Los Angeles newspaper.

The police of Pittsburgh are said to have urged the White Plains authorities to hunt for Miss Kendall in the hope she could aid them in the present case.

Miss Kendall, a modiste, said she had not seen Ward for several years, since shortly after his father, George S. Ward, a wealthy banker, settled with her out of court on her \$10,000 suit for damages against his son. She asserted the younger Ward had broken into her apartment and attempted to kidnap her.

"I can throw light upon the mystery, all right," the newspaper quoted Miss Kendall. "I know a few things that those interested in prosecuting Mr. Ward would like to know. I'll tell all I know if they ask me—not till then."

She said she concurred in the opinion of a woman friend in New York, as expressed in a letter received to-day. She quoted this friend, whose name she declined to give, as having written:

"Find the woman and you'll find the solution."

### PITTSBURGH PEOPLE RECALL WOMAN IN THE WARD SUIT

Miss Kendall Now Located in Los Angeles Was Waitress in Smoky City.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 1.—Miss Martha Kendall, whose name entered the Walter S. Ward case to-day from Los Angeles, was recalled by Pittsburgh people closely associated with the Federal Baseball League five years ago. Ward's father was interested in the organization. He was an official of the Brooklyn club.

"There was a Miss Kendall who was a waitress in a restaurant near the hotel where Federal League players were quartered when in Pittsburgh," said William McCollough, former secretary of the Pittsburgh club. "I recall she had Ward arrested, and he was taken before an Allegheny Alderman, but I don't remember his name. From there the case went to court, I believe, but it never came to trial. I have heard it was settled for \$1,000, not because Ward was guilty or was afraid to stand trial, but because in the baseball situation at that time he did not want the publicity. I know he was not guilty of the charge."

Careful search of the Allegheny County District Attorney's office failed to reveal any papers bearing on the case, nor was there a record of a civil suit. R. H. Jackson, who was District Attorney at that time, was later disbarred, and his chief assistant, discussing the Ward case, said he had no recollection whatever of such prosecution.

Superintendent John C. Calhoun, when asked if the Pittsburgh police had unearthed anything in the case, declared the Pittsburgh police had not been asked for information, and would make no investigation until they were asked.

### RECEIVER REFUSES TO GIVE UP DIER'S BOOKS ON SUBPOENA

Controversy Over Ledgers Finally Is Settled and Both May Use Books.

Manfred W. Ehrlich, receiver for the bankrupt brokerage firm of E. E. Dier & Co., and his counsel, Saul Myers, refused to turn over the books of the concern to the District Attorney to-day in compliance with a subpoena duces tecum served yesterday.

Although the United States Supreme Court in a decision handed down last Saturday ruled that the District Attorney has a right to examine the books, even though the firm is in a Federal receivership, Mr. Ehrlich, who is a lawyer, and Mr. Myers took the ground that they could not surrender them.

The controversy was finally referred to Federal Judge Mack who appointed Mr. Ehrlich receiver of the Dier firm. Judge Mack sent for Mr. Dier firm. Judge Mack sent for Assistant District Attorney Benjamin F. Schreiber. At the suggestion of the Judge it was agreed that the District Attorney shall set aside a room in the Criminal Courts Building for the use of Receiver Ehrlich, that the books and records shall be removed to that room and the District Attorney and his assistants and accountants shall have free access to them.

After the Grand Jury had adjourned before the Dier case, Ehrlich sent up five of the Dier books. Mr. Schreiber said there were 250 books in all and that he had been assured they would be delivered later in the day. The matter will be taken up before the June Grand Jury, which will be impaneled next Monday.

The receiver and his counsel did not see District Attorney Banton but issued their defiance to Assistant Attorney Schreiber, who has been assigned to the Dier case in order to ascertain if actions of members of the firm and its employees in bringing about a \$4,000,000 failure call for criminal prosecution.

Mr. Myers suggested that the books be sent to the District Attorney's office in the custody of agents of the receiver, who would supervise the examination of the records and decide what might be used.

"I don't know," interjected Receiver Ehrlich, "whether we would be right in that or not. Just show us what you want in the books and we will let you have transcripts of them."

"We can't do business that way," retorted Mr. Schreiber. "I insist that the books be brought before the Grand Jury. It is contempt of court to trifle with a grand jury subpoena the way you have."

But to the continued insistence of the Assistant District Attorney that the books be produced before the Grand Jury, the receiver and his attorney shrugged their shoulders and finally stated that they would lay the matter before United States District Judge Julian W. Mack. They informed the District Attorney they would let him know by telephone of Judge Mack's decision.

## Nathan Rozenzweig, Known as "Nat Ross," Convicted Blackmailer, Examined by Ward in District Attorney's Office Here—He Is Not the Missing "Charley Ross."

Testimony was offered to District Attorney Weeks of Westchester County to-day tending to corroborate Walter S. Ward's story that a blackmailing plot against him existed and that the leader of it—known to him as Charley Ross—hounded him at his home and at his office by telephone and through the mails.

Late this afternoon all grounds for believing that Nathan Rozenzweig, a convicted blackmailer, also known as "Nat Ross," was identical with Charley Ross was eliminated. Rozenzweig was confronted by Walter S. Ward in a room in the District Attorney's office here. Ward declared positively he had never seen Rozenzweig before. Other circumstances caused Assistant District Attorney Ferriss to state he believed Ward was telling the truth.

Rozenzweig was convicted, with another man last July of extorting money from a Wall street broker "by threatening to expose him to public ridicule." The name of the complainant was suppressed from publication in the interests of justice. Rozenzweig's attorney then was William J. Fallon who has recently intervened in the Ward case as a representative of the family of Clarence Peters, who, according to Ward was killed in trying to collect blackmail with "Charley Ross" and a "Jack," a chauffeur.

Rozenzweig was put on probation by Judge Mulqueen. His companion was sent to prison. Fallon made reference to his former client in saying he would produce Charley Ross.

For this reason, at the request of Mr. Weeks, Mr. Banton had the probation officers produce Rozenzweig here for the Westchester authorities. Rozenzweig was accompanied by his counsel, Samuel Rosenzweig. He denied any connection with the Ward case. Mr. Ferriss telephoned for Walter S. Ward, who came quickly, accompanied by counsel and exonerated Rozenzweig.

The confirmation of Walter Ward's story of the ugly manner in which the blackmailing demands were made came from an employee of the Ward Bakery Company's headquarters in the Bronx, who stipulated his identity should not be revealed lest he lose his job.

HOW WARD WAS THREATENED BY PHONE.

According to this man there were two men, not connected with the bakery business, who called on Walter Ward frequently. The first time he was told the two wanted to see him. Walter S. Ward, the employee said, came out of his office to greet them. One of the men motioned to him to sit and none of the three spoke up to the time the door of the private office closed on them. According to the information, neither of these men resembled Clarence Peters, the man who was found shot to death on May 16, either in features or in dress.

Rather recently, the employee said, a telephone call was received by him in Walter Ward's office. The caller asked for "the Chief of Police of New Rochelle."

"This is the Ward Bakery Company," replied the clerk.

"That's all right," said the voice at the other end, "I want to talk to the man there who says he is chief of Police of New Rochelle."

Ward is Chairman of the Police Commission," said the clerk. "That's the man I mean," he quotes the other man as answering. The clerk replied that Mr. Ward was out and offered to take a message.

"Tell him," he says the other man answered, "we want the money he owes us on that debt and we want it damn quick." Then the connection was cut off abruptly.

Efforts to get a solution of the case centered largely to-day into

### WIDOW OF SLAIN POLICEMAN TO GO UNDER THE KNIFE

Mrs. Anna Hay, forty, of No. 12 Tinton Avenue, Bronx, widow of

man Douglas W. Hay, who was shot and killed while on duty May 18 in the Bronx, was taken to Lincoln Hospital to-day suffering from appendicitis. She will be operated on as soon as possible. She was at her home when the attack came.

Her husband's slayer, Michael Fradlano, was sentenced yesterday to die in the electric chair.

(Complete Stock Quotations on Page 24.)